Erratum

In the article entitled, 'Soluble uric acid increases intracellular calcium through an angiotensin II-dependent mechanism in immortalized human mesangial cells' by G Albertoni, E Maquigussa, E Pessoa, JA Barreto, F Borges and N Schor, which was published in the July 2010 Issue of *Experimental Biology and Medicine* (235:825–32, 2010), please note the following correction.

The authors would like to clarify that the third figure in this article is incorrect. The corrected Figure 3 shows that at a concentration of 10 mg/dL, uric acid significantly decreases the production of endothelin in mesangial cells after 24 h of treatment. This effect was blocked by losartan (LOS), an angiotensin receptor type 1 antagonist.

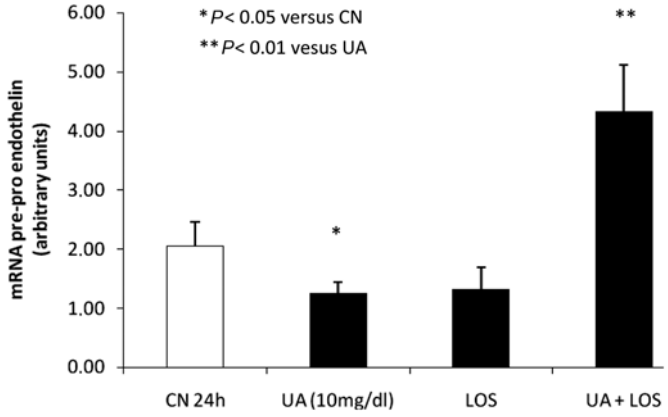

Figure 3 Effect of UA treatment on pre-pro-ET mRNA expression in ihMCs. Briefly, semi-confluent ihMCs were treated with UA (soluble; 10 mg/dL for 24 h), losartan (LOS, 10^{-3} mmol/L) or UA and LOS for 24 h. Pre-pro-ET concentrations were assessed with RT-PCR and all assys were performed as described in Materials and methods. The results are expressed as the mean ± SEM (arbitrary units). UA, uric acid; ihMC, immortalized human mesangial cells; ET-1, endothelin-1; RT-PCR, reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction; SEM, standard error of the mean

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